



User Manual

Version 1.0.2 July 2017

G-4513 Series

3G Power Saving PAC with Solar Charger



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Important Information

Warranty

All products manufactured by ICP DAS are under warranty regarding defective materials for a period of one year, beginning from the date of delivery to the original purchaser.

Warning

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Contact us

If you encounter any problems while operating this device, feel free to contact us via mail at: service@icpdas.com . We guarantee to respond within 2 working days.

1. Introduction



The G-4513 series are M2M (Machine to Machine) Power Saving PAC with a cellular transceiver and Solar Charger. It can be used in hydrologic monitoring or mudslide monitoring system. With optional GPS model, the G-4513 can also be a GPS tracking system for vehicle management system or maritime system.

The features of G-4513 series: Solar Charger, 3G module, Ethernet interface, optional GPS module, 3 digital inputs, 3 digital outputs, 8 analog inputs, 1 relay, 1 RS-232 and 1 RS-485 port. That can be used in various application fields to transfer data over 3G, GPRS, SMS, Ethernet or serial bus. The G-4513 series built-in MiniOS7 provide the same development environment with I-7188/I-7186 series. It is easier for I-7188/I-7186 users to apply the G-4513 series.

2. Hardware

2.1 Specifications

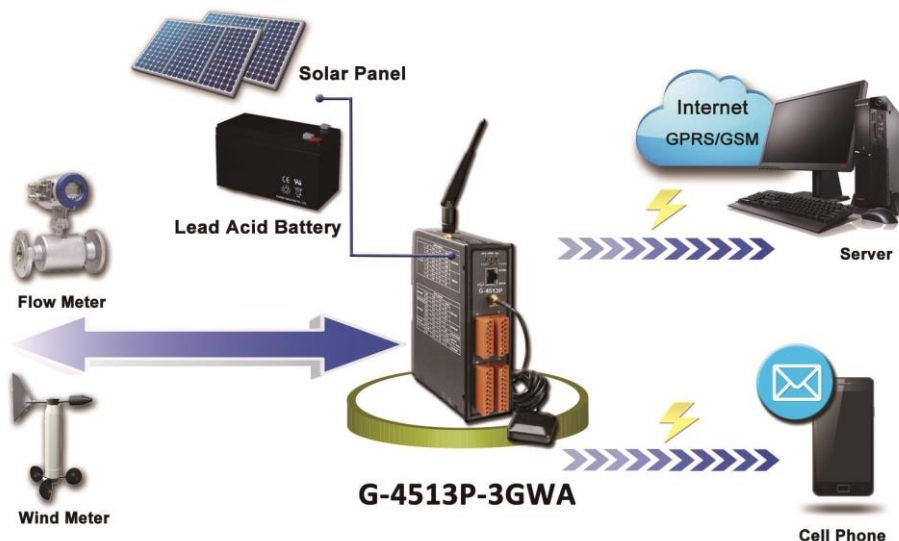
Item	G-4513-3GWA	G-4513D-3GWA	G-4513P-3GWA	G-4513PD-3GWA
CPU	80 MHz internal microprocessor			
SRAM/Flash	512K/512K , real time clock, watchdog timer			
NVRAM	31 bytes, battery backup, data valid up to 10 years			
EEPROM	16 KB, retention > 40 years. 1,000,000 erase/write cycles			
Comm. Interface				
COM ports	COM1:5-wire RS-232; COM2: RS-485			
Ethernet	10/100 Base-TX Ethernet controller			
GSM Interface				
Frequency Band	GSM 850/900/1800/1900 MHz			
GPRS connectivity	GPRS class 10/8; GPRS station class B			
SMS	MT, MO, CB, Text and PDU mode			
3G Interface				
Frequency Band	WCDMA 850/900/1900/2100 MHz			
Power Class	Class 3 (250mW @ WCDMA/HSPA)			
Digital Input				
Input Channel	3			
Input Type	Source(Dry Type), Common Ground			
Off Voltage Level	+1 V max.			
On Voltage Level	+3.5 ~ +30 V			
Isolated Voltage	Non-isolated			
Digital Output				
Output Channel	3			
Output Type	3 Open Collector (Sink/NPN)			
Load Voltage	+30 VDC max.			
Load Current	100 mA max.			
Isolated Voltage	Non-isolated			

Analog Input					
Input Channel	8				
Resolution	12 - bit				
Input Range/Type	0 ~ 20 mA				
Sample Rate	1 KHz max. (Read one channel)				
Accuracy	+/- 2 LSB (+/- 0.0097 mA)				
Isolated Voltage	2500Vrms 3000Dc to DC				
Relay					
Output Channel	1				
Type	Form C				
Input Range	2A@30 Vdc ; 0.25 A @250 Vac				
Mechanical endurance	typ. 108 operations				
GPS Interface					
Support Channels	-	32			
Sensitivity	-	Tracking = up to -159 dBm (with external LNA)			
		Cold start = up to -146 dBm (with external LNA)			
Acquisition Time	-	Hot start (Open Sky) = 2 s(typical)			
		Cold start (Open Sky) = 36 s(typical)			
Protocol Support	-	NMEA 0183 version 3.01			
LCD Interface					
General	Effective display area	-	80.61 mm x 14.37 mm (W x H)	-	80.61 mm x 14.37 mm (W x H)
	Module Dimension	-	93 mm x 70 mm x 1.6 mm (W x H x T)	-	93 mm x 70 mm x 1.6 mm (W x H x T)
Life Time	-	Expected life is more than	-	Expected life is more than	

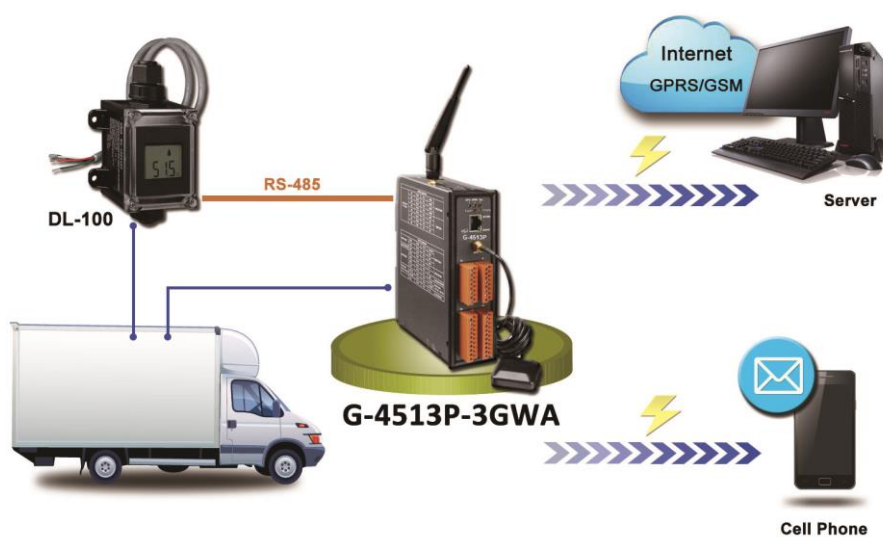
		100,000 hours under normal operation		100,000 hours under normal operation
Power (Solar Input)				
Protection	Power reverse polarity protection			
Frame Ground Protection	ESD, Surge, EFT, Hi-Pot			
Power Requirement	+10 VDC ~ +30 VDC , (Max. Voltage of Solar Panel must less +30V)			
Power Consumption	Deep Sleep: < 10 mA@12VDC; Deep Sleep(With LCD): < 11 mA@12VDC; Sleep: < 15 mA@12VDC; Idle: 77 mA @ 24 VDC; Data Link: 150 ~ 400 mA (peak) @ 24 VDC			
Lead Acid Battery Requirement				
Battery	12V Lead-Acid Battery			
Charging Voltage	Voltage of Power Input must be over +16V			
Low Voltage Protect	Low Voltage disconnect = 11.1V / Low Voltage reconnect = 12.6V			
LED Indicators				
System	Red			
3G	Yellow			
GPS	-	Green		
Charging / Fault	Green / Red			
Mechanical				
Casing	Metal			
Dimensions	47 mm x 142 mm x 168 mm (W x L x H)			
Installation	DIN-Rail and Wall mount			
Environment				
Operating Temperature	-25 °C ~ +80 °C	-15 ~ +55 °C	-20 ~ +70 °C	-15 ~ +55 °C
Storage Temperature	-30 °C ~ +85 °C	-20 ~ +70 °C	-40 ~ +80 °C	-20 ~ +70 °C
Humidity	5~90% RH, non-condensing			

3. Application Architecture

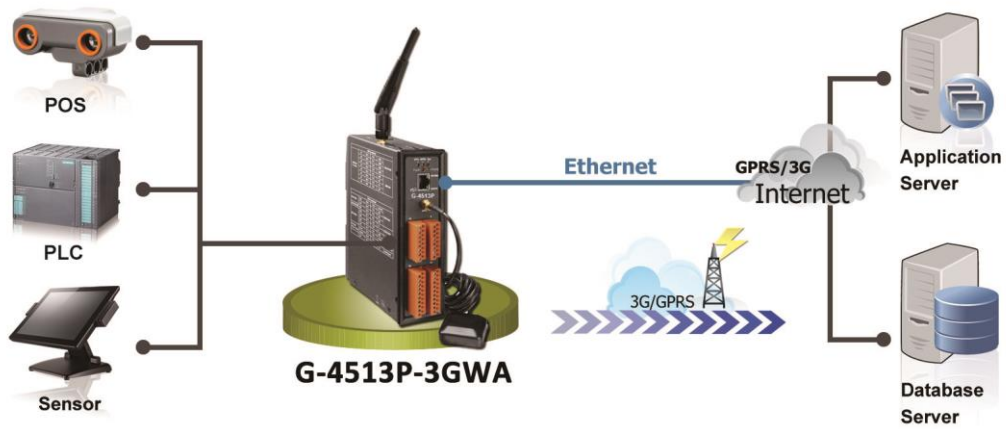
3.1 Hydrologic / Wind Monitoring Application



3.2 Car Monitor / Tracking System

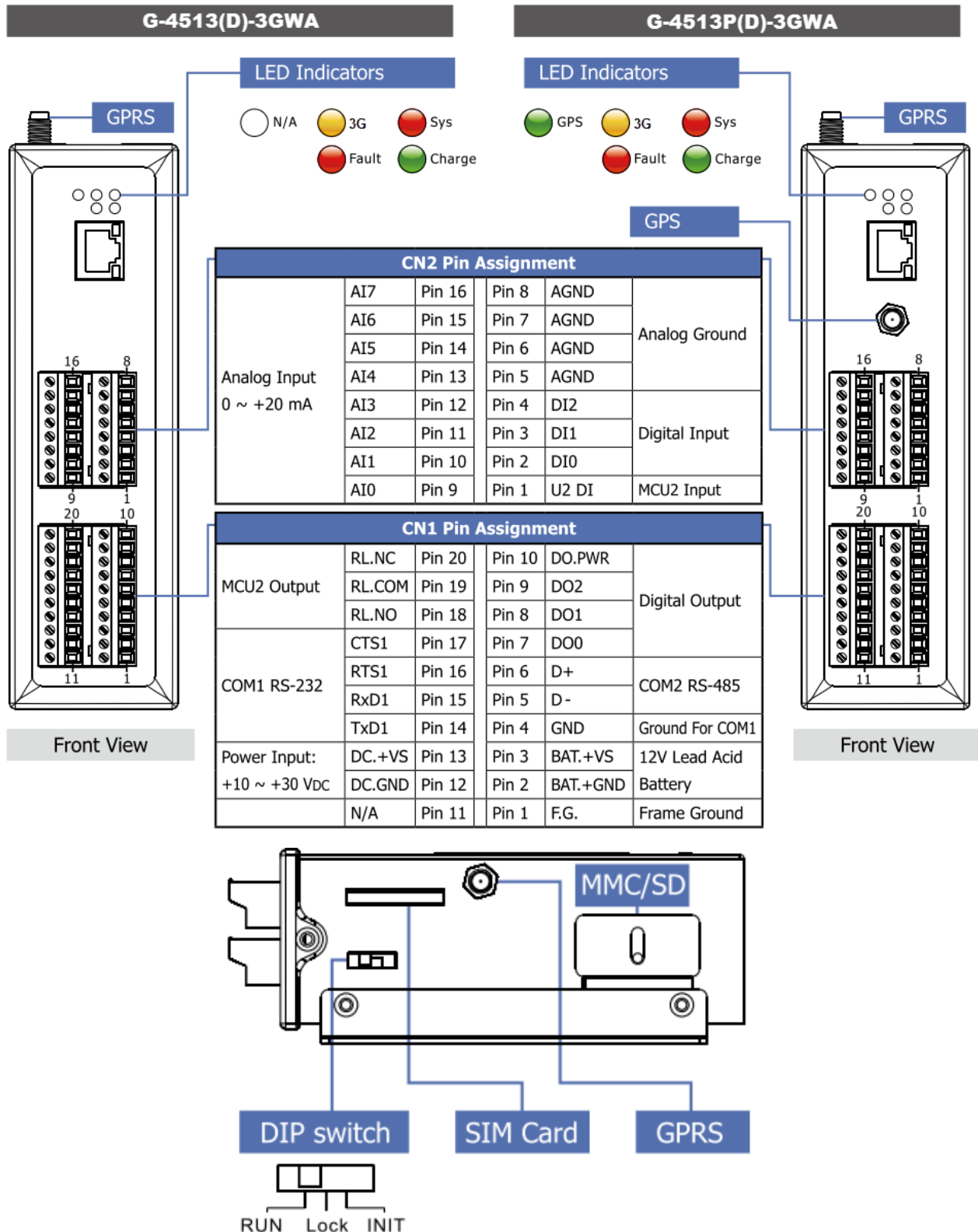


3.3 Redundancy Communication system

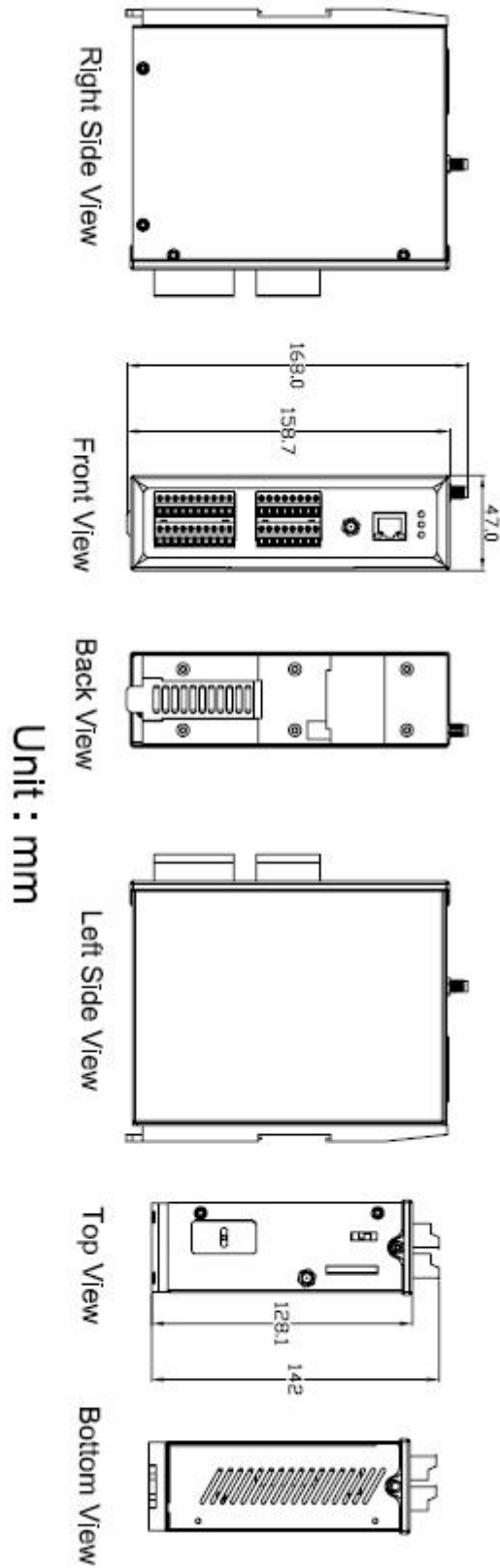


4. Hardware

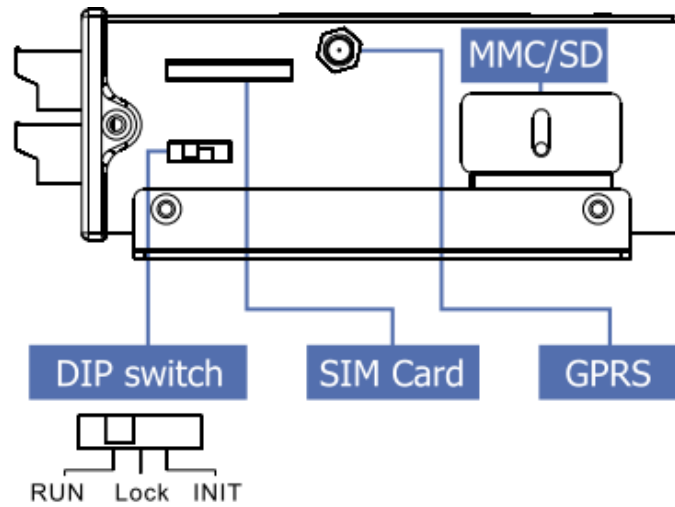
4.1 Pin Assignments



4.2 Dimensions

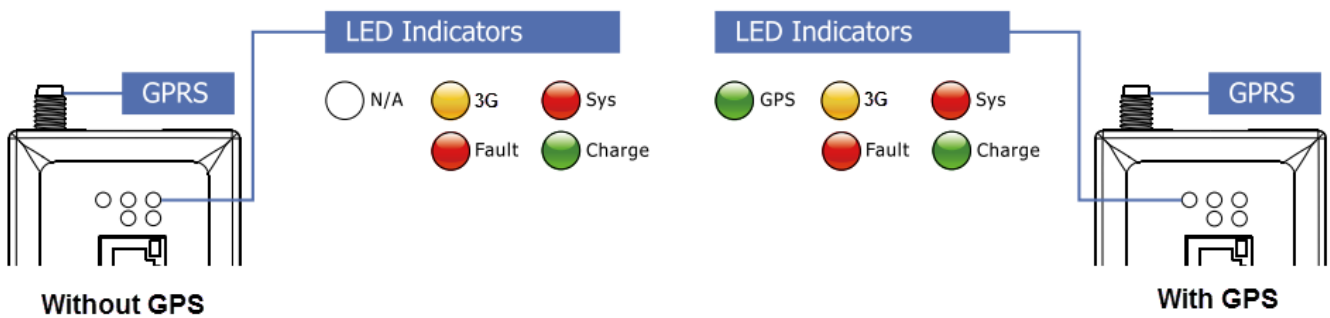


4.3 Operation Mode Switch



Operation Mode Switch	
RUN	OS can execute autoexec.bat
	Flash can be read/write.
LRun	OS can execute autoexec.bat
	Flash is read only (lock).
INIT	OS can not execute autoexec.bat
	Flash can be read/write.

4.4 LED Indicators



There are five LED indicators to help users to judge the various conditions of G-4513 Series. The description is as follows :

- A. Sys (Red) : System LED is programmable.
- B. 3G (Yellow) : The modem LED can indicate the status of 3G module.

3G module normal		3G module fail
2G Mode	Blinking per 2 sec	OFF
3G Mode	Blinking twice per 2 sec	or Blinking (not 3 sec)

- C. GPS (Green)(Option) : The GPS LED can indicate the status of GPS module.

Search GPS		Receive GPS data
Always OFF	Always ON	Blinking (1 sec)

- D. Charging (Green) : Charging status indicator.

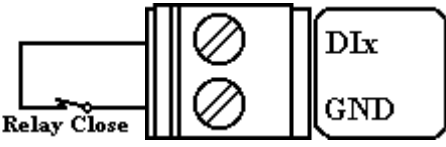
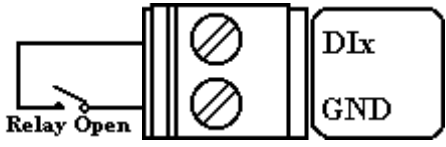
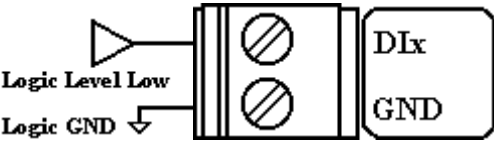
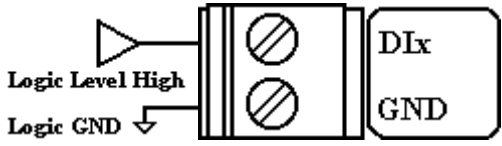
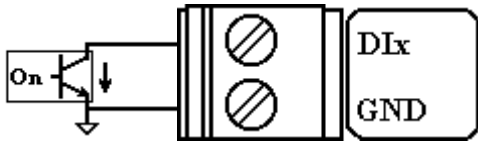
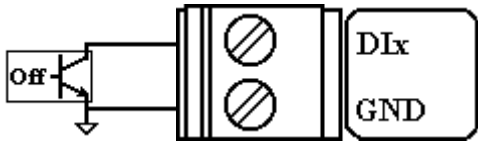
Charging	Not Charging
Always ON	Always OFF

- E. Fault (Red) : Charging Fault indicator.

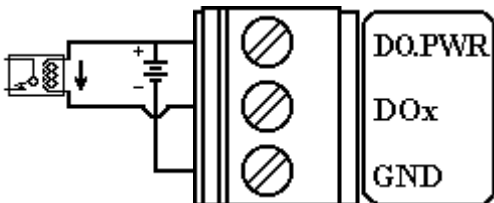
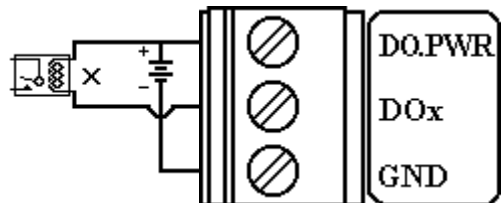
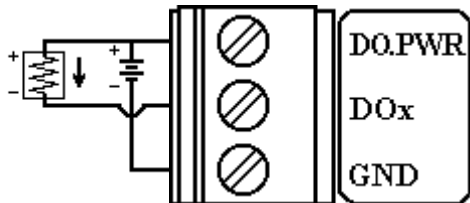
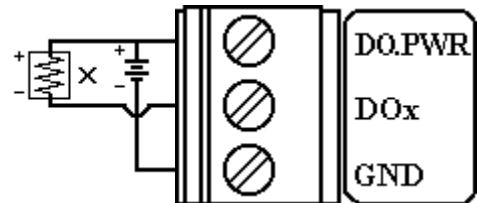
Normal	Fault
Always OFF	Always ON

4.5 Wire Connection

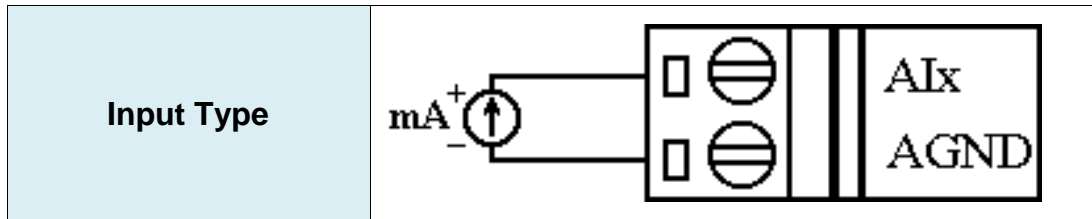
■ Digital Input Wire Connection

Input Type	ON State DI value as 0	OFF State DI value as 1
Relay Contact		
TTL/CMOS Logic		
Open Collector		

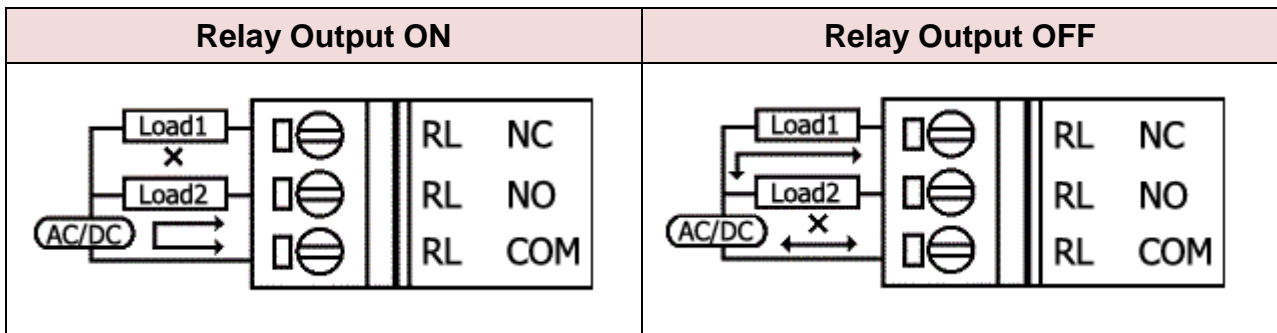
■ Digital Output Wire Connection

Input Type	ON State DO value as 1	OFF State DO value as 0
Drive Relay		
Resistance Load		

■ **Current Input Wire Connection**

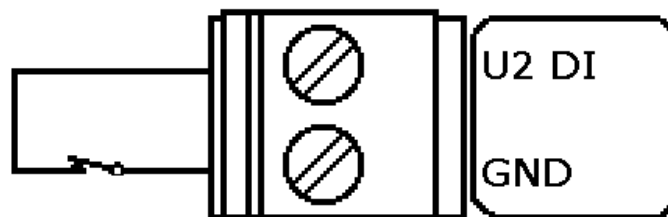


■ **Relay Wire connection**



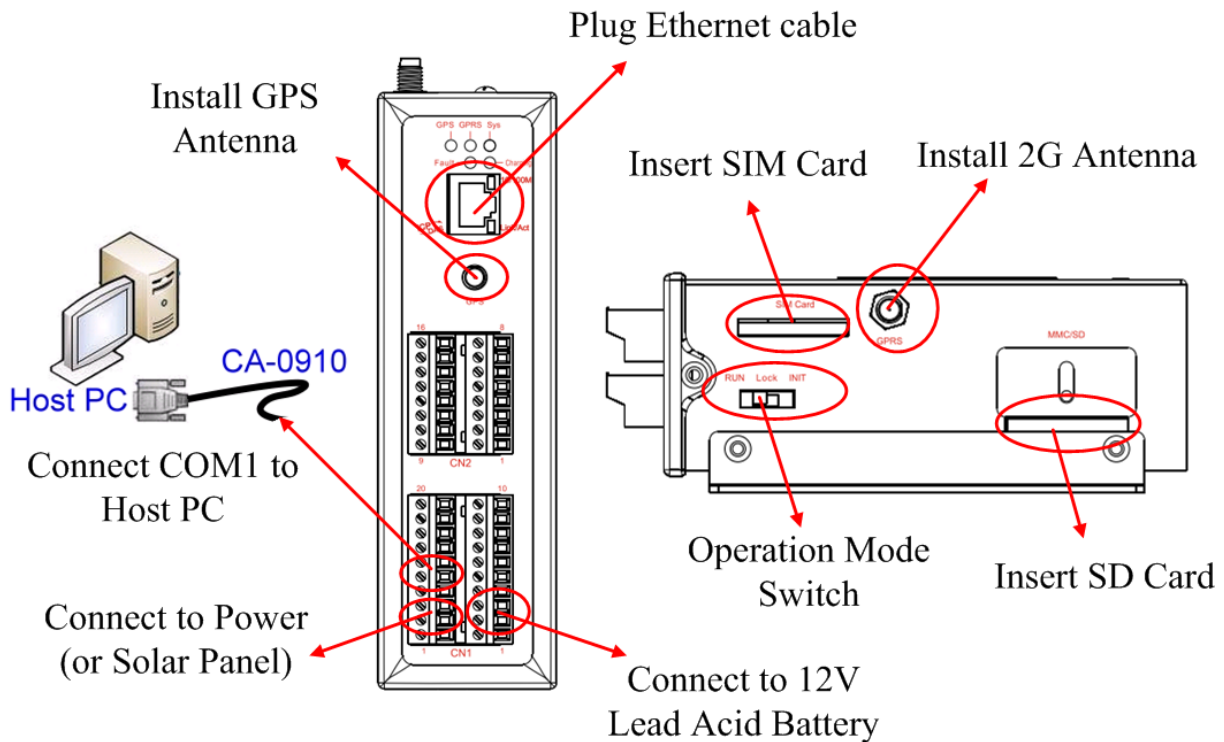
4.6 Wake up from Sleep Mode

1. When G-4513 was in sleep mode, you can connect the Pin “U2 DI” (MCU2 DI) to GND. to awaking G-4513 from sleep mode.
2. You will read “U2 DI” as 0, when you connect “U2 DI” to GND.



4.7 Installation

1. Install 2G/3G antenna.
2. Plug in the normal SIM card (Before apply the SIM card, confirm it is OK by mobile phone.)
3. Connect the DC.+VS and DC.GND to the power supply or Solar Panel.
4. Connect BAT.+VS and BAT.GND to the 12V Lead Acid Battery.



WARNING! HOT SURFACE DO NOT TOUCH



The product's enclosure may be with high temperature, do not touch before cooling or else will be burned.

SAFETY INSTRUCTION NOTES



The unit installation to final system and the DC source (SELV, Limited Power Source) that is intended to connect with power input pins (DC.+VS / DC.GND) should be complied with requirements of EN 60950-1. Be sure before connect to input pins.

5. Power Saving and Charger

5.1 Power Saving

▶ Sleep Mode

This mode will shut down 7186 CPU, all I/O(3DI, 3DO, 8AI, exclude MCU2 I/O) and GPS, but 3G module still works.

- Power Consumption : 14~15 mA@12V
- How to awake G-4513 :
 - (1) Sleeping Time is finished.
 - (2) Trigger U2_DI.(connect U2_DI to GND.; read U2_DI as 0)
 - (3) Make a phone call to G-4513

▶ Deep Sleep Mode

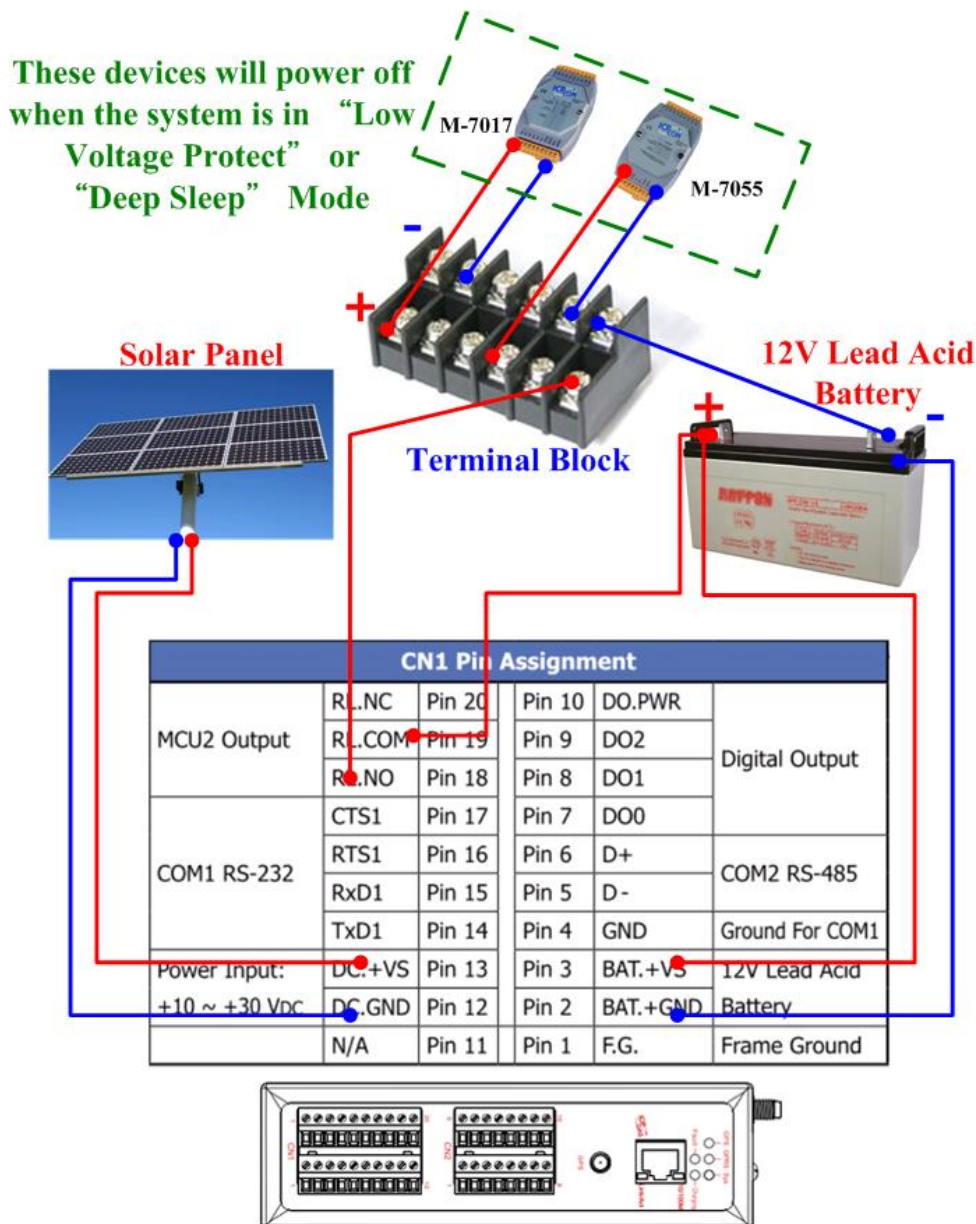
This mode will shut down all interface, but exclude MCU2 I/O.

- Power consumption : 9~10 mA@12V
- How to awake G-4513 :
 - (1) Sleeping Time is finished.
 - (2) Trigger U2_DI.(connect U2_DI to GND.; read U2_DI as 0)

► Low Voltage Protection

Default value is disabled, and you can enable this function by your program. This function will prevent the battery to over-discharging. When the voltage of the battery is less 11.1V, G-4513 will go into Low Voltage Protect Mode that will turn off all system power. And then G-4513 will wake up if the voltage of the battery is over 12.6V after charging.

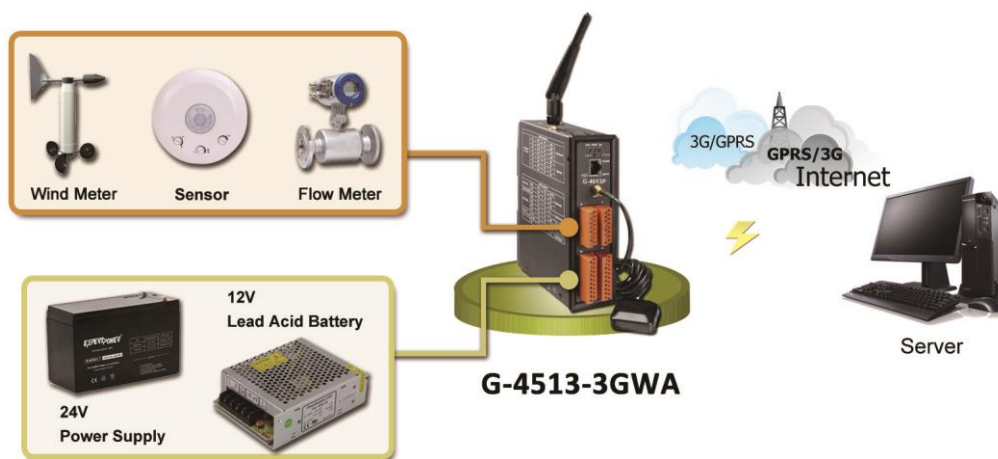
- Low Voltage disconnect Voltage = 11.1 V
- Low Voltage reconnect Voltage = 12.6 V
- How to use : please refer to the figure's wire connection below, and MCU2 library demo code.



5.2 How to Choose the Battery

This section will discuss how to choose a suitable battery for your system. Because the alive time of the system is depending on your system power consumption and your battery capacity, we will calculate with some conditions below.

■ Example 1 :



Conditions :

- The system has a 24V external power
- It must work in 2 week when the external power is shut-down.
- The system transmits the data to the server every 10 minutes. (1 minute for full work, and 9 minutes for sleeping)
- Power consumption of deep sleep mode is 7.2 mA@12V
- Average power consumption of full work is 245 mA@12V

Calculation :

- Solar panel Max. current = $10 \text{ (w)} / 12 \text{ (V)} = 0.833 \text{ (A)} = 833 \text{ (mA)}$
- Usually the charging current may be effected by many factor, like angle, building and other environment factor...etc.
- Here we use 1/2 Max. current to calculate
- $1/2 \text{ Max. Current} = 833/2 = 416 \text{ mA}$
- Average current = $416 \times 4 / 24 = 69 \text{ (mA/hr)}$
- Refer to Table 5.3.2, We can know "Average power consumption" is 31 mA for this system. (refer to Table 5.3.2 or section 5.2)
→ We can know **10W solar Panel is suitable** for this system, because $69 > 31$

▼ Table 5.3.1

Solar panel (W)	Max. Current (mA)	1/2 Current (mA)	Sun hours	Average Current for a day (mA/hr)
10	833	416	4	69
20	1666	833	4	138
30	2500	1250	4	208
40	3333	1666	4	277
50	4166	2083	4	347

▼ Table 5.3.2

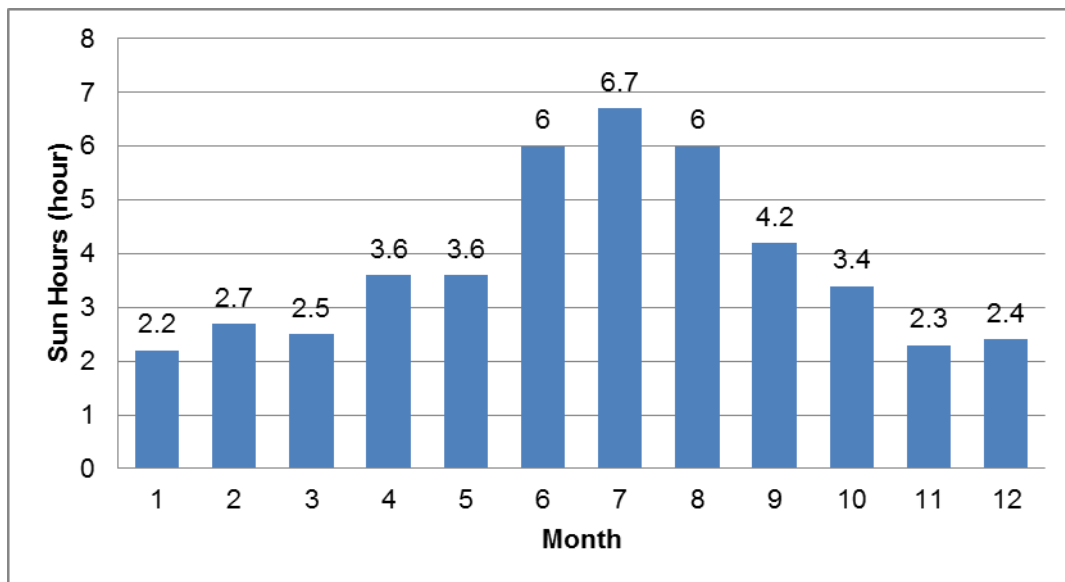
Report Frequency	Average power consumption	power consumption of 14 days (mAh @12V)
Every minute (No Sleep)	245	82320
Every 10 minutes	31	10416
Every hour	11.2	3763.2
Every day	7.4	2486.4
Every Month	7.2	2419.2

Things you must know about “sun hours”



Usually the “sun hours” is variable with the season. You need use the Min. sun hours to calculate and choose the solar panel and the battery.

For example, if the sun hours of month is like the figure below, you must use 2.2 hours to calculate but not 6.7 hours.



6. APIs and Demo References

6.1 API for Local I/O

Function definition	Description
X305IO_Init	Initial I/O
X305IO_GetLibVersion	Get X305IO_LIB Version
X305IO_Read_AD_CalibrationGain	Read AD Calibration Gain
X305IO_Read_AD_CalibrationOffset	Read AD Calibration Offset
X305IO_AnalogIn	Read value from assign AI channel
X305IO_Read_All_DI	Read All DI
X305IO_Read_One_DI	Read the value form assign DI channel
X305IO_Write_All_DO	Write All DO
X305IO_Write_One_DO	Write the value to the assign DO channel
X305IO_Read_All_DO	Read All DO state
X305IO_Read_One_DO	Read the DO state form the assign DO channel.
X305IO_AnalogIn_SetChannel	Set the AI channel that users want to read.
X305IO_AnalogIn_Hex	Read the value from the specific A/D channel (12 bits)
X305IO_AnalogIn_HexToFloat	Transfer the AI value from 12 bits to float

6.1.1 X305IO_Init

Initial X305IO.

➤ **Syntax**

int X305IO_Init(void);

➤ **Parameters**

None

➤ **Return values**

0 : success

<>0 : error

6.1.2 X305IO_GetLibVersion

Get X305IO_Lib Version.

➤ **Syntax**

unsigned X305IO_GetLibVersion(void);

➤ **Parameters**

None

➤ **Return values**

Version Number

6.1.3 X305IO_Read_AD_CalibrationGain

Read the A/D Calibration Gain.

➤ **Syntax**

```
float X305IO_Read_AD_CalibrationGain(void);
```

➤ **Parameters**

None

➤ **Return values**

Calibration Gain of the AD channels

6.1.4 X305IO_Read_AD_CalibrationOffset

Read the A/D Calibration Offset.

➤ **Syntax**

```
float X305IO_Read_AD_CalibrationOffset(void);
```

➤ **Parameters**

None

➤ **Return values**

Calibration Offset of the AD channels

6.1.5 X305IO_AnalogIn

Read the value from the assign AI channel.

► Syntax

```
float X305IO_AnalogIn(int iChannel);
```

► Parameters

iChannel

0 : channel 0

1 : channel 1

2 : channel 2

3 : channel 3

4 : channel 4

5 : channel 5

6 : channel 6

7 : channel 7

► Return values

0.0mA ~ 20.0mA

6.1.6 X305IO_Read_All_DI

Read all DI values of the G-4513 series.

➤ Syntax

```
int X305IO_Read_All_DI(void);
```

➤ Parameters

None

➤ Return values

0x00~0x07

➤ Example

When DI0 Ground

DI1 Open

DI2 Open

```
value = X305IO_Read_All_DI( );
```

```
value = 0x6
```

6.1.7 X305IO_Read_One_DI

Read the value from the assign DI channel.

➤ Syntax

```
int X305IO_Read_One_DI(int iChannel);
```

➤ Parameters

iChannel

0 : channel 0

1 : channel 1

2 : channel 2

➤ Return values

1 : open

Logic high level (+3.5V ~ +30V)

0 : close to GND

Logic low level (0V ~ +1V)

6.1.8 X305IO_Write_All_DO

Write to all DO values of the G-4513 series.

► Syntax

```
void X305IO_Write_All_DO(int iOutValue);
```

► Parameters

iOutValue

0x0~0x7

► Return values

None

► Example

```
X305IO_Write_All_DO(6);
```

After function execute :

DO0 OFF

DO1 ON

DO2 ON

6.1.9 X305IO_Write_One_DO

Write the specific value to the assign DO channel.

► Syntax

```
void X305IO_Write_One_DO(int iChannel, int iStatus);
```

► Parameters

iChannel

0 : channel 0

1 : channel 1

2 : channel 2

iStatus

0 : Status is OFF

1 : Status is ON

► Return values

None

6.1.10 X305IO_Read_All_DO

Read all DO values of the G-4513 series.

► Syntax

```
int X305IO_Read_All_DO(void);
```

► Parameters

None

► Return values

0x0~0x7

► Example

When DO0 OFF
 DO1 ON
 DO2 ON

Value = X305IO_Read_All_DO();

Value = 0x6

6.1.11 X305IO_Read_One_DO

Read the state from the assign DO channel.

► Syntax

```
int X305IO_Read_One_DO(int iChannel);
```

► Parameters

iChannel

0 : channel 0

1 : channel 1

2 : channel 2

► Return values

0 : OFF

1 : ON

6.1.12 X305IO_AnalogIn_SetChannel

Set the specific AI channel that users want to read.

► Syntax

```
int X305IO_AnalogIn_SetChannel(unsigned iChannel);
```

► Parameters

iChannel

0 : channel 0

1 : channel 1

2 : channel 2

3 : channel 3

4 : channel 4

5 : channel 5

6 : channel 6

7 : channel 7

► Return values

0 : Set up success

-1 : Set iChannel number error

6.1.13 X305IO_AnalogIn_Hex

Read the value of the assign AI channel assigned by X305IO_AnalogIn_SetChannel function.

► Syntax

```
int X305IO_AnalogIn_Hex(void);
```

► Parameters

None

► Return values

After Read assign AI channel value.

► Example

```
X305IO_AnalogIn_SetChannel(0); // Set channel 0
```

```
X305IO_AnalogIn_Hex( );
```

6.1.14 X305IO_AnalogIn_HexToFloat

► Syntax

```
float X305IO_AnalogIn_HexToFloat(int iValue);
```

► Parameters

iValue

A value want to 12 bits transform float.

► Return values

The transferred AI value by float format.

► Example

Set the channel 0 to read, and then transform the value to float.

```
float AdValue;  
    X305IO_AnalogIn_SetChannel(0);  
    AdValue=X305IO_AnalogIn_HexToFloat(X305IO_AnalogIn_Hex( ));
```

6.2 API for MMC/SD



Required library and header files:
SD_Vnnn.LIB and microSD.h

Function definition	Description
pc_init	Initializes the SD socket library
pc_open	1. Open an existing file and return a file handle 2. Creates a new file
pc_close	Closes a file and release a file handle.
pc_read	Reads the specified file
pc_write	Writes the specified file
pc_seek	Moves the file pointer to relative offset from the current offset
pc_tell	Gets current offset of the file pointer
pc_eof	Checks whether the end-of-file is reached
pc_format	Formats the SD card as FAT (FAT32)
pc_mkdir	Creates a directory or subdirectory
pc_rmdir	Removes an existing directory
pc_move	Renames an existing file or a directory, including the subdirectory
pc_del	Deletes the specified file
pc_deltree	Deletes the specified directory or subdirectory
pc_isdir	Checks whether the file is a directory
pc_isvol	Checks if is a volume
pc_size	Gets the size of the specified file

pc_set_cwd	Sets the current working directory
pc_get_cwd	Gets the pathname of the current working directory
pc_gfirst	Moves the pointer to the first element
pc_gnext	Moves the pointer to the next element
pc_gdone	Moves the pointer to the last element
pc_get_freeSize_KB	Gets the free space of the SD memory card
pc_get_usedSize_KB	Gets the used space of the SD memory card
pc_get_totalSize_KB	Gets the total size of the SD memory card
pc_get_attributes	Gets the file attributes
pc_set_attributes	Sets the file attributes
pc_get_errno	Gets the error number

▶ **API for starting SD card**

1. pc_init()

Before using any SD functions, pc_init() must be called to initialize the SD.

▶ **API for enabling/disabling SD card**

2. pc_open()

Before writing/reading data to/from the SD card, pc_open() must be called to open the file.

3. pc_close()

After the data has finished being written/read to/from the SD, pc_close() must be called to close the file with a file handle.

▶ **API for enabling/disabling SD card**

4. pc_write()

After using pc_open() to open the file, pc_write() must be called to read data from the SD.

For example, writing data to the SD:

```
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "upac5000.h"
#include "microSD.h"
void main(void)
{
    int fd, iRet;
    InitLib();
    if(pc_init())
        Print("Init microSD ok\r\n");
    else
    {
        Print("Init microSD failed\r\n");
        iRet=pc_get_errno();
        switch(iRet)
        {
            case PCERR_BAD_FORMAT: //1
                Print("Error 01: format is not FAT\r\n");
                break;
            case PCERR_NO_CARD: //2
                Print("Error 02: no microSD card\r\n");
                break;
            default:
                Print("Error %02d: unknow error\r\n", iRet);
                break;
        }
    }
    fd=pc_open("test.txt", (word) (PO_WRONLY|PO_CREAT|PO_APPEND),
    (word) (PS_IWRITE|PS_IREAD));
    if(fd>=0)
    {
        pc_write(fd, "1234567890", 10); /* write 10 bytes */
        pc_close(fd);
    }
}
```

```
}  
}
```

▶ API for reading data from the SD card

5. pc_read()

After using `pc_open()` to open the file, `pc_read()` must be called to read data from the SD.

For example, reading data from the SD:

```
#include <string.h>  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include "upac5000.h"  
#include "microSD.h"  
void main(void)  
{  
    int fd, iRet;  
    unsigned char Buffer[80];  
    InitLib();  
    if(pc_init())  
        Print("Init microSD ok\r\n");  
    else  
    {  
        Print("Init microSD failed\r\n");  
        iRet=pc_get_errno();  
        switch(iRet)  
        {  
            case PCERR_BAD_FORMAT: //1  
                Print("Error 01: format is not FAT\r\n");  
                break;  
            case PCERR_NO_CARD: //2  
                Print("Error 02: no microSD card\r\n");  
                break;  
            default:
```

```

        Print("Error %02d: unknow error\r\n", iRet);
        break;
    }
}
fd=pc_open("test.txt",          (word)          (PO_RDONLY),          (word)
(PS_IWRITE|PS_IREAD));
if(fd>=0)
{
    iRet=pc_read(fd, Buffer, 10); /* reads 10 bytes */
    Buffer[10]=0; /* adds zero end to the end of the string */
    pc_close(fd);
    Print("%s", Buffer);
}
}

```

For more demo program about the microSD, please refer to:

CD:\napdos\g-4513-3gwa\software\demo\basic\microSD\

<http://ftp.icpdas.com/pub/cd/usbcd/napdos/g-4513-3gwa/software/demo/basic/microsd/>

6.3 API for LCD

Function definition	Description
LCD_Init	Initialize the library
LCD_BackLight_On	Turn on the LCD backlight
LCD_BackLight_Off	Turn off the LCD backlight
LCD_ShowText	Display one character on the LCD panel
LCD_ClrScrn	Clear the LCD panel
LCD_StandByMode	Enter the stand by mode
LCD_NormalMode	Restore the LCD to normal mode
LCD_GotoPosition	Move the cursor to the specified position
LCD_CursorDisplay	Set the Cursor display status
LCD_LineReverse	Select one of four line and reverse the display
LCD_LineRestore	Select one of four line and restore the display
LCD_GetLibDate	Gets the create date of funciton library
LCD_GetLibVersion	Gets the version number of function library

6.3.1 LCD_Init

Initialize parameters about LCD functions in the library.

► Syntax

```
void LCD_Init(void);
```

► Parameters

None

► Return values

None

6.3.2 LCD_BackLight_On

Turn on the LCD backlight.

➤ **Syntax**

```
void LCD_BackLight_On(void);
```

➤ **Parameters**

None

➤ **Return**

None

6.3.3 LCD_BackLight_Off

Turn off the LCD backlight.

➤ **Syntax**

```
void LCD_BackLight_Off(void);
```

➤ **Parameters**

None

➤ **Return values**

None

6.3.4 LCD_ShowText

Display one character on the LCD panel, and the cursor will right-shifted by one character position automatically.

➤ **Syntax**

```
void LCD_ShowText(  
    uchar Text);
```

➤ **Parameters**

Text

Display character

➤ **Return values**

None

6.3.5 LCD_ClrScrn

Clear the LCD panel.

➤ Syntax

```
void LCD_ClrScrn(void);
```

➤ Parameters

None

➤ Return values

None

6.3.6 LCD_StandByMode

Enter the stand by mode, and it can be terminated by either LCD_NormalMode() or other function.

➤ Syntax

```
void LCD_StandByMode(void);
```

➤ Parameters

None

➤ Return values

None

6.3.7 LCD_NormalMode

Restore the LCD to normal mode when it is in the stand by mode.

➤ Syntax

```
void LCD_NormalMode(void);
```

➤ Parameters

None

➤ Return values

None

6.3.8 LCD_GotoPosition

Move the cursor to the specified position.

► Syntax

```
void LCD_GotoPosition(  
    int Line,  
    int Offset);
```

► Parameters

Line

One of four line numbers (1 to 4)

Offset

Cursor position (1 to 8)

► Return values

None

6.3.9 LCD_CursorDisplay

Set the Cursor display status.

► Syntax

```
void LCD_CursorDisplay(  
    int Display,  
    int Blink);
```

► Parameters

Display

Cursor display on/off

1: Display on

0: Display off

Blink

Character blink on/off

1: Display on

0: Display off

► Return values

None

6.3.10 LCD_LineReverse

Select one of four line and reverse the display.

➤ Syntax

```
void LCD_LineReverse(int Line);
```

➤ Parameters

Line

One of four line numbers (0 to 4)

➤ Return values

None

6.3.11 LCD_LineRestore

Select one of four line and restore the display.

➤ Syntax

```
void LCD_LineRestore(  
    int Line);
```

➤ Parameters

Line

One of four line numbers (0 to 4)

➤ Return values

None

6.3.12 LCD_GetLibDate

Gets the create date of function library.

► Syntax

```
void LCD_GetLibDate(  
    unsigned char *LibDate);
```

► Parameters

LibDate
Gets the create date of function library

► Return values

None

6.3.13 LCD_GetLibVersion

Get the version number of function library.

► Syntax

```
unsigned LCD_GetLibVersion(void);
```

► Parameters

None

► Return values

Return the current version number.

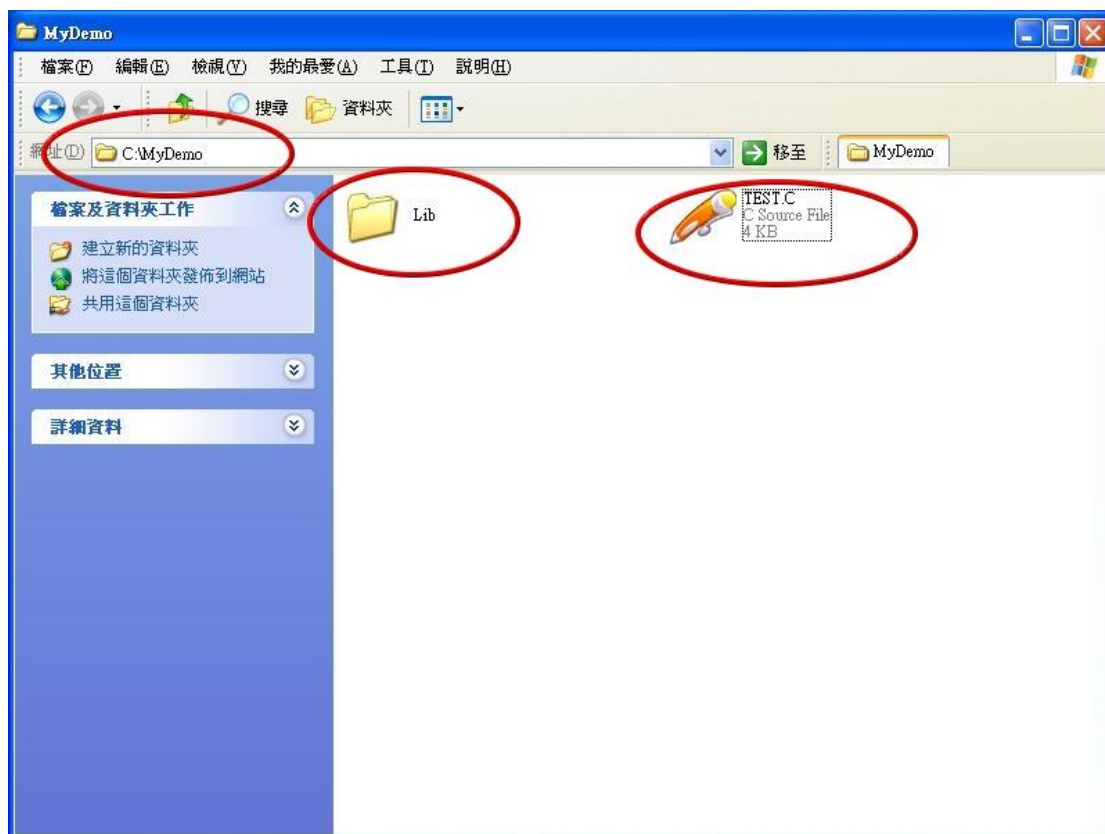
7. Program Download Procedure

Here, it is considered that how to build an execution file and how to run this program on the G-4513 series.

Library	Description
G4500.LIB	G-4513 and DI/O 、 AI functions
GSM_U2.LIB	GPRS functions
SD_Vnnn.LIB	MMC/SD functions
TCP_DM32.LIB	Ethernet functions
LCD.LIB	LCD functions

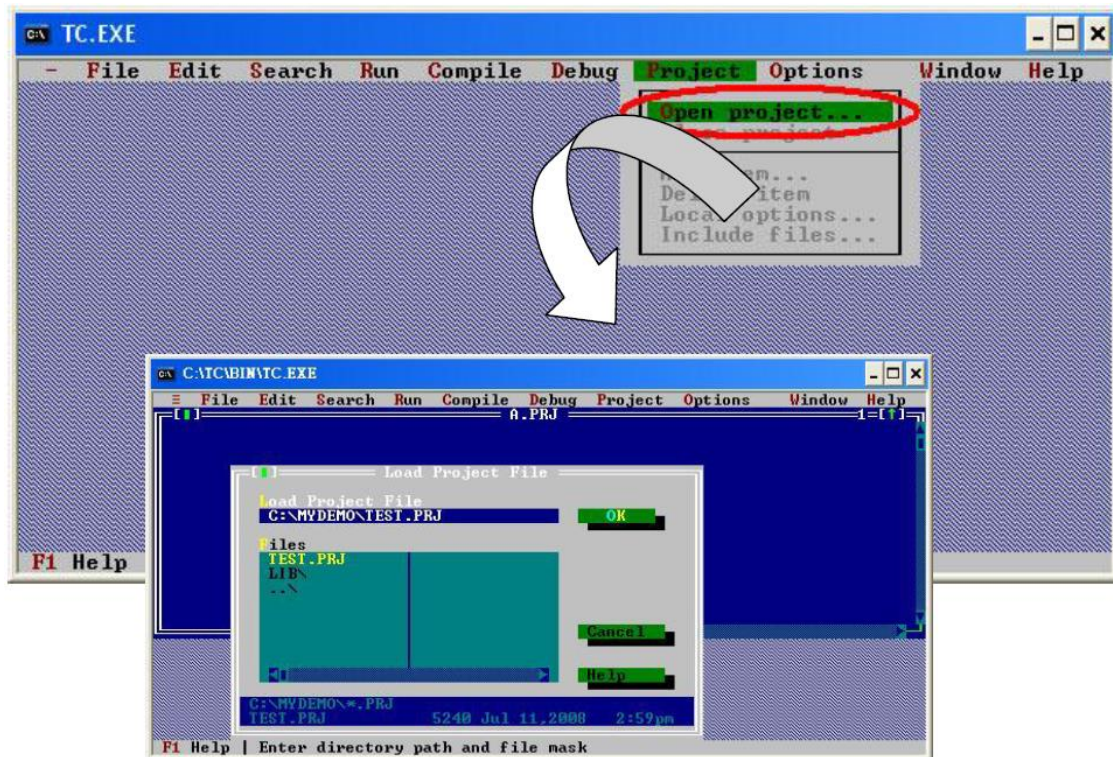
Step 1 :

Create a folder name “MyDemo” in the C disk, and copy the lib folder and users program into the MyDemo folder.



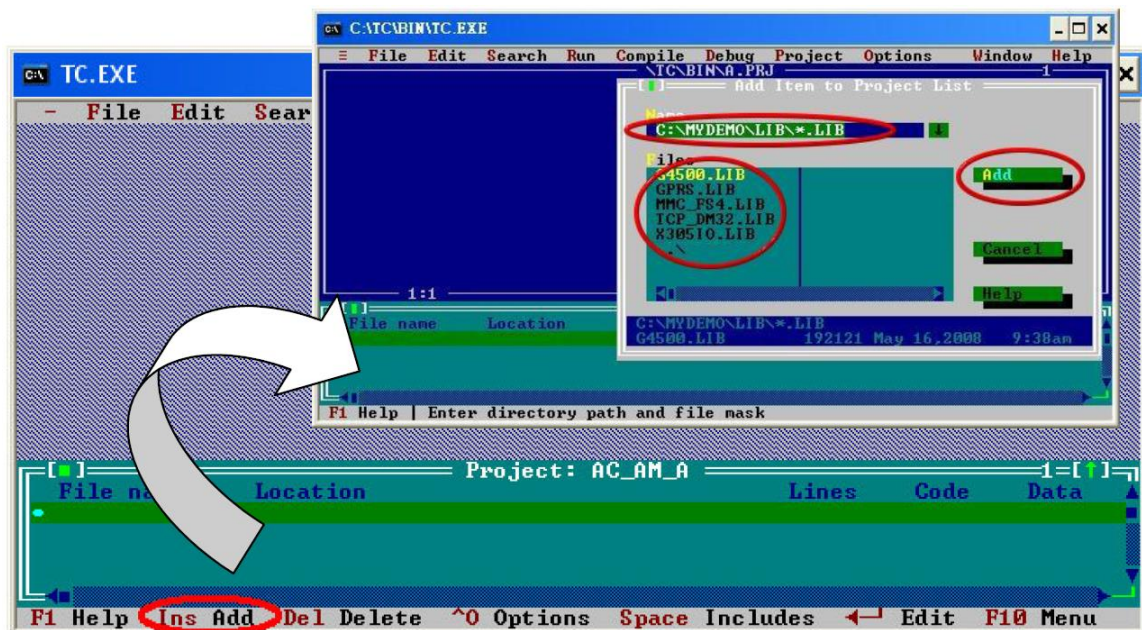
☞ Step 2 :

Run the TC++1.01development. Click the “Project\Open project...” create new project named “TEST.PRJ”



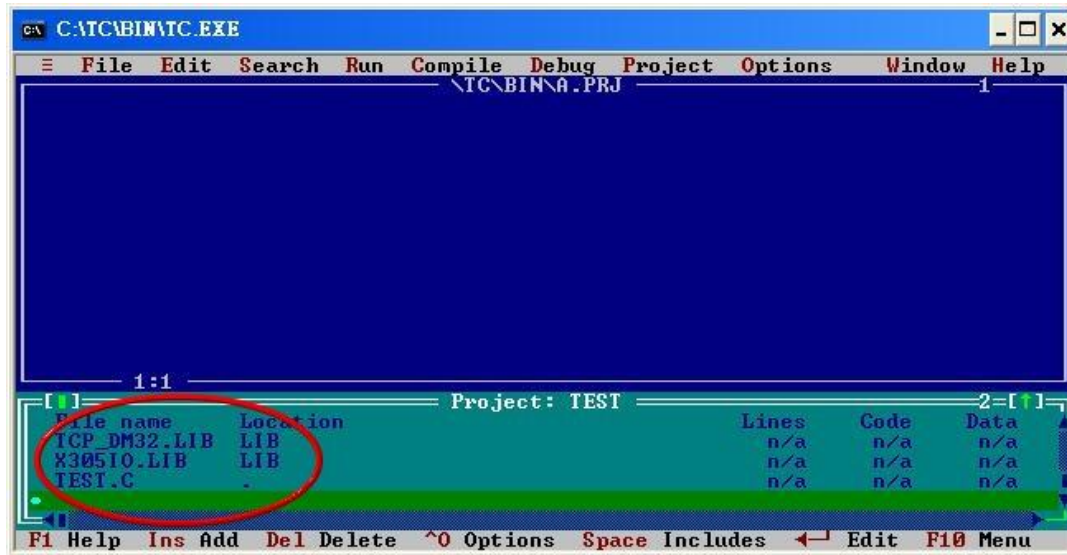
☞ Step 3 :

Use the “Add” function to add the library file into MyDemo project.



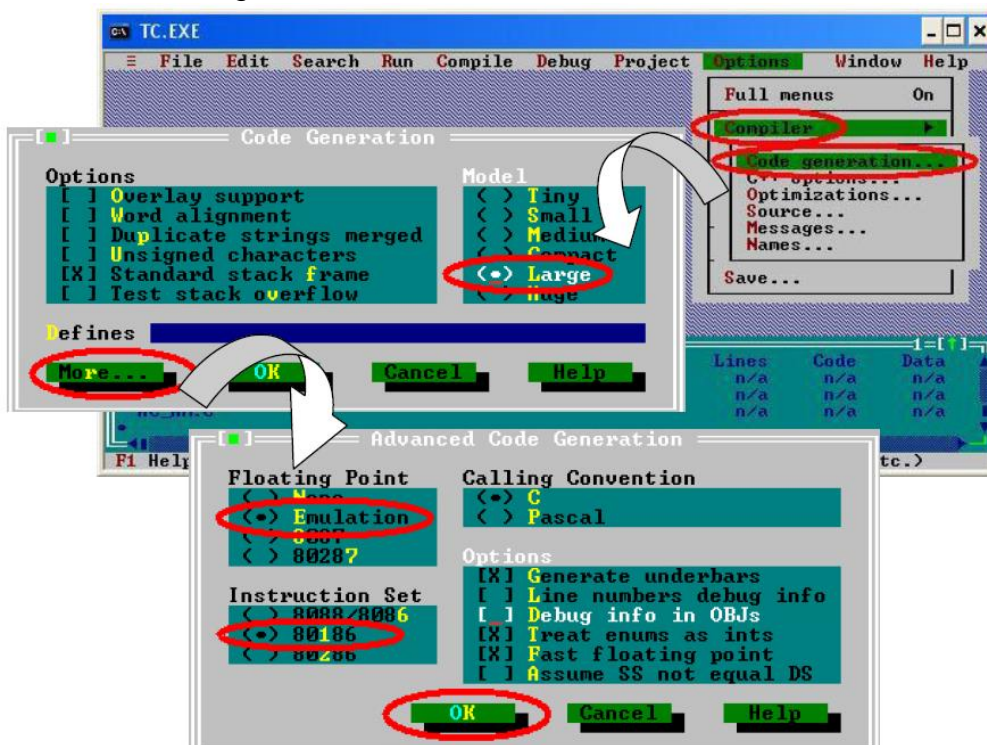
☞ Step 4 :

Following the step3, add another library and TEST.C into MyDemo project.



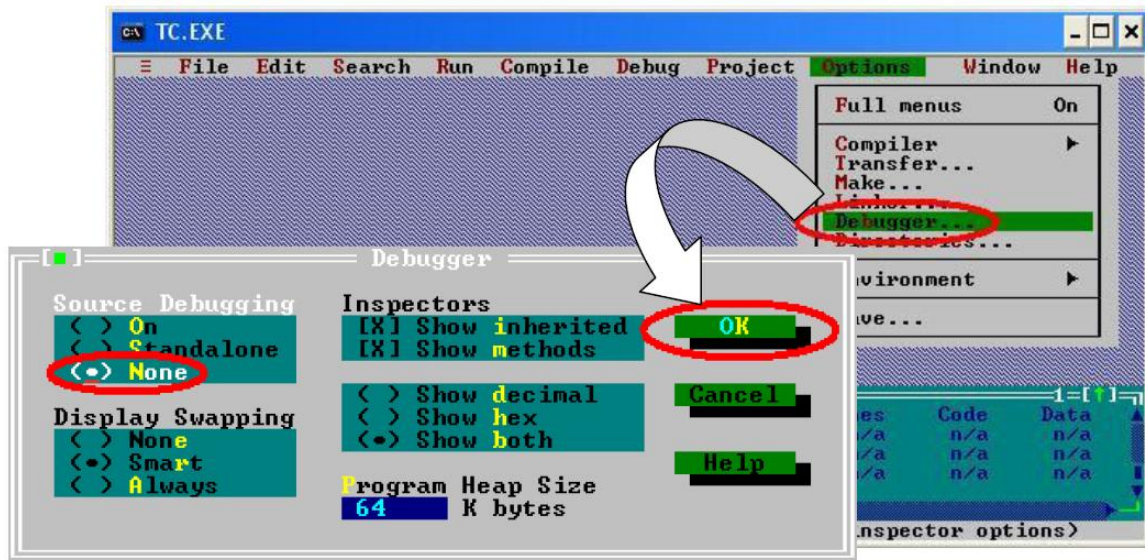
☞ Step 5 :

Click the “Options/Compiler/Code generation...” to set the compile mode to the large mode. Click “More...” to set the “Floating point” and “Instruction Set” parameters. The Emulation and 80186 will be used respectively. Then, click OK button to save the configuration.



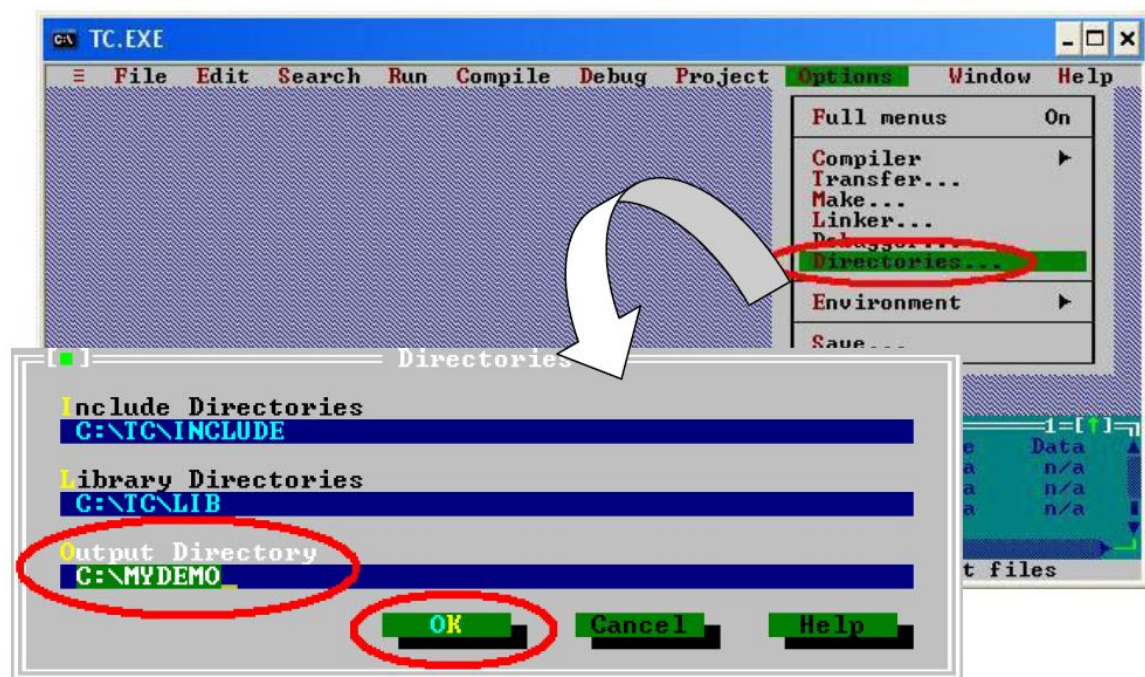
☞ **Step 6 :**

Click the “Option/Debugger...” to set the “Source Debugging” parameter. Here, select the “None” for the “Source Debugging”



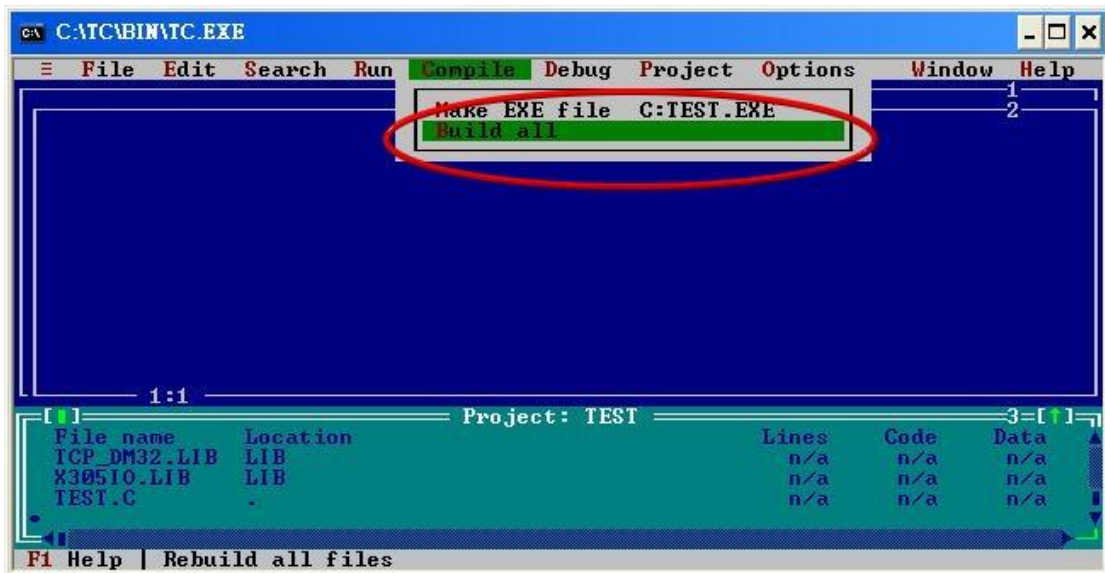
☞ **Step 7 :**

Click the “Option/Directories...” to set the “Output Directory” parameter. Here, set the “C:\MyDemo” for the “Output Directory” parameter.



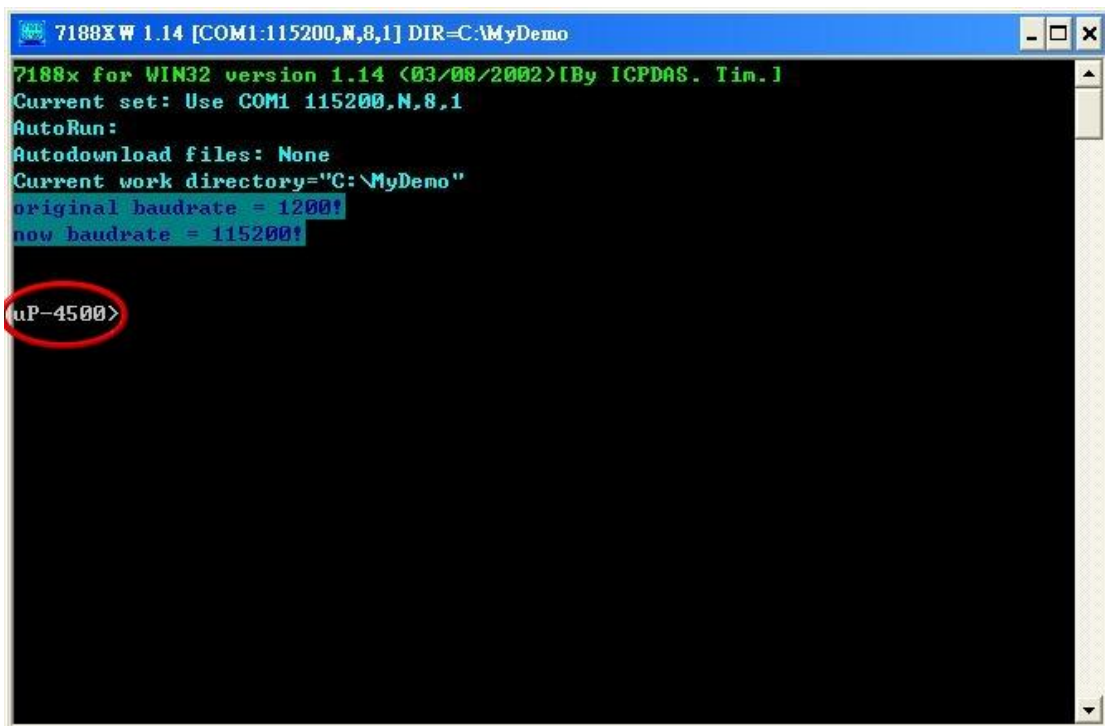
☞ **Step 8 :**

After finishing all the parameters setting, click the “Compile/build all” to produce the execution file name “TEST.exe”.



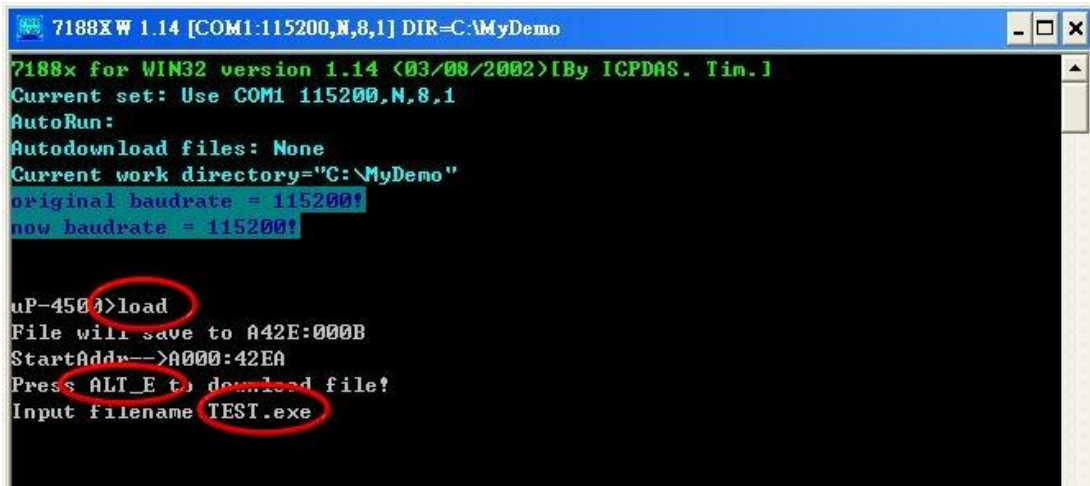
☞ **Step 9 :**

Copy the file 7188XW.exe into the MyDemo folder. Then, double-click the 7188XW.exe file. The 7188XW.exe can be found in the Osmage folder. And G-4513 series COM1 connected to the PC RS-232.



☞ Step 10 :

Key the command, “load” in the 7188xw.exe program. Then, follow the hint command to press “Alt+E” and input the file name, “TEST.exe”, to download the execution file.

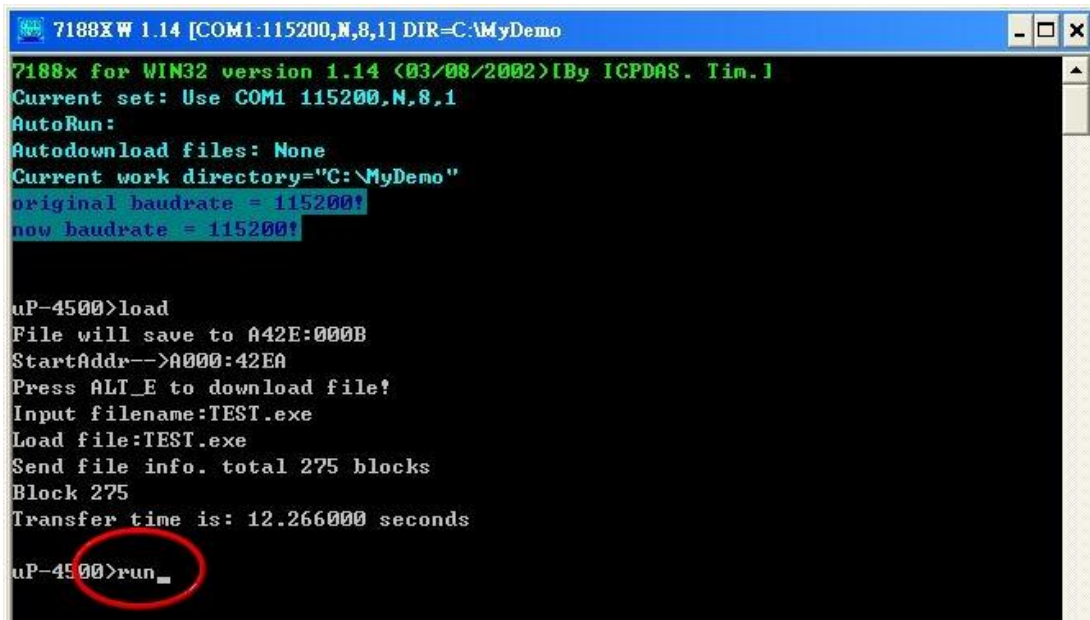


```
7188XW 1.14 [COM1:115200,N,8,1] DIR=C:\MyDemo
7188x for WIN32 version 1.14 (03/08/2002)[By ICPDAS. Tim.]
Current set: Use COM1 115200,N,8,1
AutoRun:
Autodownload files: None
Current work directory="C:\MyDemo"
original baudrate = 115200?
now baudrate = 115200?

uP-4500>load
File will save to A42E:000B
StartAddr-->A000:42EA
Press ALT_E to download file!
Input filename TEST.exe
```

☞ Step 11 :

After finishing the download procedure, key in the command, “run”, to implement the execution file, “TEST.exe”.



```
7188XW 1.14 [COM1:115200,N,8,1] DIR=C:\MyDemo
7188x for WIN32 version 1.14 (03/08/2002)[By ICPDAS. Tim.]
Current set: Use COM1 115200,N,8,1
AutoRun:
Autodownload files: None
Current work directory="C:\MyDemo"
original baudrate = 115200?
now baudrate = 115200?

uP-4500>load
File will save to A42E:000B
StartAddr-->A000:42EA
Press ALT_E to download file!
Input filename:TEST.exe
Load file:TEST.exe
Send file info. total 275 blocks
Block 275
Transfer time is: 12.266000 seconds

uP-4500>run
```


Appendix A. Revision History

This chapter provides revision history information to this document.

The table below shows the revision history.

Version	Date	Description of changes
1.0.0	2014-09-01	The First Release Revision
1.0.1	2015-06-15	1. Modify Chapter 6 2. Modify power consumption
1.0.2	2017-9-24	Typesetting revision